

I know multiplication and division facts for the 8 times table

By the end of this half term the children should know the following facts. The aim is to recall them instantly

8 x 1 = 8 8 x 2 = 16 8 x 3 = 24 8 x 4 = 32 8 x 5 = 40	1 x 8 = 8 2 x 8 = 16 3 x 8 = 24 4 x 8 = 32 5 x 8 = 40	$8 \div 8 = 1$ $16 \div 8 = 2$ $24 \div 8 = 3$ $32 \div 8 = 4$ $40 \div 8 = 5$	$8 \div 1 = 8$ $16 \div 2 = 8$ $24 \div 3 = 8$ $32 \div 4 = 8$ $40 \div 5 = 8$
8 x 6 = 48 8 x 7 = 56 8 x 8 = 64 8 x 9 = 72 8 x 10 = 80	6 x 8 = 48 7 x 8 = 56 8 x 8 = 64 9 x 8 = 72 10 x 8 = 80	$48 \div 8 = 6$ $56 \div 8 = 7$ $64 \div 8 = 8$ $72 \div 8 = 9$ $80 \div 8 = 10$	$48 \div 6 = 8$ $56 \div 7 = 8$ $64 \div 8 = 8$ $72 \div 9 = 8$ $80 \div 10 = 8$
8 x 11 = 88 8 x 12 = 96	11 x 8 = 88 12 x 8 = 96	88 ÷ 8 = 11 96 ÷ 8 = 12	88 ÷ 11 = 8 96 ÷ 12 = 8

Key Vocabulary

What do I multiply 8 by to make 72?
What is 64 divided by 8?
What is 3 times 8?
How did you calculate 8 x 5 = 40?
How many 8's equal 48?

The children should be able to double the four times table to find the eight times table

They should be able to answer these questions in any order, including missing number questions e.g.

$$8 \times \bigcirc = 56$$

$$96 \div \bigcirc = 8$$

Top Tips

The secret to success is practising little and often. Use time wisely.

- Practise Key Facts while walking to school or during a car journey.
- Have a fact of the day.
- <u>Songs and Chants</u> You can buy Times Tables CDs or find multiplication songs and chants online. If your child creates their own song, this can make the times tables even more memorable.
- <u>Double your fours</u> Multiplying a number by 8 is the same as multiply by 4 and then doubling the answer. $8 \times 4 = 32$ and double 32 is 64, so $8 \times 8 = 64$.
- Five six seven eight fifty-six is seven times eight ($56 = 7 \times 8$).
- <u>Use memory tricks</u> For those hard-to-remember facts, www.multiplication.com has some strange picture stories to help children remember.